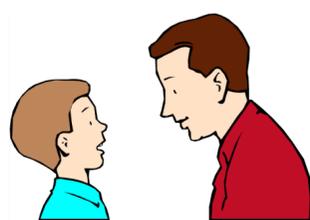




Warm Up Grade 8



1) Stan ate 21 skittles. His dad says that he ate <sup>1/3</sup> one-third of the bag. How many skittles were in the bag to start with?

- a) Write an equation to represent this problem. Solve the equation.
- b) Verify the solution.

Let  $x \equiv$  # of skittle in the bag to start with.

$$\frac{x}{3} = 21$$
$$\cancel{3} \cdot \frac{x}{\cancel{3}} = 21 \cdot 3$$
$$x = 63$$

There was 63 Skittles in the bag.

solve using algebra

2)  $c - 7 = 5$

2

$$\frac{c}{2} - \cancel{7} = \underline{5+7}$$

$$\cancel{2} \cdot \frac{c}{\cancel{2}} = 12 \cdot 2$$
$$c = 24$$

— ÷  
x ·

$$7 - \frac{P}{4} = 10 - 7$$

$$-\frac{P}{4} = 3$$

$$4 \cdot -\frac{P}{4} = 3 \cdot 4$$

$$\begin{array}{l} -P = 12 \\ \div -1 \quad \div -1 \\ \hline P = -12 \end{array}$$

$$4x - 2 = -14$$

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} \cancel{0} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \cancel{0} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \cancel{0} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} \cancel{0} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \cancel{0} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \cancel{0} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \textcircled{0} \\ \textcircled{0} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \textcircled{0} \\ \textcircled{0} \end{array}$$

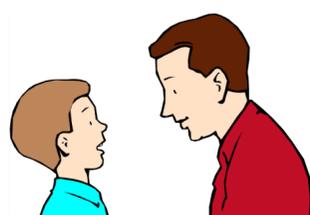
$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} \cancel{0} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \cancel{0} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \cancel{0} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$\cancel{0} \quad 1000$$

$$\boxed{x = -3}$$



### Warm Up Grade 8



1) Stan ate 21 skittles. His dad says that he ate one-third of the bag. How many skittles were in the bag to start with?

- a) ~~Write an equation to represent this problem. Solve the equation.~~  
b) Verify the solution.

Let  $x$  represent how many skittles were in the bag to start with.

$$\frac{x}{3} = 21$$

~~$$3 \cdot \frac{x}{3} = 21 \cdot 3$$~~

$$x = 63$$

The bag had 63 skittles to start with.

solve using algebra

2)  $\frac{c}{2} - 7 = 5$

2

~~$$\frac{c}{2} - 7 + 7 = 5 + 7$$~~

$$\frac{c}{2} = 12$$

~~$$2 \cdot \frac{c}{2} = 12 \cdot 2$$~~

$$c = 24$$

LHS

$$\frac{c}{2} - 7$$

Sub in  $c = 24$

$$\frac{24}{2} - 7$$

$$12 - 7$$

$$5$$

RHS

$$5$$

(same)

Quiz Time

Maei is the best!!

Maei is the best!!

Pg 33b

$$8 \text{ a) } \frac{p}{-3} + 9 = 3$$

$$\frac{p}{-3} + 9 - 9 = 3 - 9$$

$$\frac{p}{-3} = -6$$

$$\frac{p}{-3} \times -3 = -6 \times -3$$

$$p = +18$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{LS} \\ \frac{p}{-3} + 9 \\ \frac{18}{-3} + 9 \\ -6 + 9 \\ +3 \end{array}$$

$$\text{RS} \\ 3$$

$$b) \frac{t}{-6} + 12 = 18$$

$$\frac{t}{-6} + 12 - 12 = 18 - 12$$

$$\frac{t}{-6} = 6$$

$$\frac{t}{-6} \times -6 = 6 \times -6$$

$$t = -36$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{LS} \\ \frac{t}{-6} + 12 \\ \frac{-36}{-6} + 12 \\ 6 + 12 \\ 18 \end{array}$$

$$\text{RS} \\ 18$$

$$c) -24 + \frac{w}{5} = -29$$

$$-24 + \frac{w}{5} + 24 = -29 + 24$$

$$\frac{w}{5} = -5$$

$$\frac{w}{5} \times 5 = -5 \times 5$$

$$w = -25$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{LS} \\ -24 + \frac{w}{5} \\ -24 + \frac{-25}{5} \\ -24 + -5 \\ -29 \end{array}$$

$$\text{RS} \\ -29$$

$$d) -17 + \frac{e}{-7} = -8$$

$$-17 + \frac{e}{-7} + 17 = -8 + 17$$

$$\frac{e}{-7} = 9$$

$$\frac{e}{-7} \times -7 = 9 \times -7$$

$$e = -63$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{LS} \\ -17 + \frac{e}{-7} \\ -17 + \frac{-63}{-7} \\ -17 + 9 \\ -8 \end{array}$$

$$\text{RS} \\ -8$$

9.  $n =$  the number

$$a) \frac{n}{-3} + 1 = 6$$

$$\frac{n}{-3} + 1 - 1 = 6 - 1$$

$$\frac{n}{-3} = 5$$

$$\frac{n}{-3} \times -3 = 5 \times -3$$

$$n = -15$$

$$b) 3 - \frac{n}{9} = 0$$

$$3 - \frac{n}{9} - 3 = 0 - 3$$

$$-\frac{n}{9} = -3$$

$$-\frac{n}{9} \times 9 = -3 \times 9$$

$$-n = -27$$

$$n = 27$$

$$c) 4 + \frac{n}{-2} = -3$$

$$4 + \frac{n}{-2} - 4 = -3 - 4$$

$$\frac{n}{-2} = -7$$

$$\frac{n}{-2} \times -2 = -7 \times -2$$

$$n = +14$$

$$10. \frac{x}{2} - 11 = 12$$

$$\frac{x}{2} - 11 + 11 = 12 + 11$$

$$\frac{x}{2} = 23$$

$$\frac{x}{2} \times 2 = 23 \times 2$$

$$x = 46$$

11. a) Yes, correct

$n$  is the number of candy in the bag, dividing by 5 represents the 5 students, subtract 1 is the candy given to the teacher and 9 is how many candy each student had.

$$\frac{n}{5} - 1 = 9$$

$$\frac{n}{5} - 1 + 1 = 9 + 1$$

$$\frac{n}{5} = 10$$

$$\frac{n}{5} \times 5 = 10 \times 5$$

$$n = 50$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 50 \\ \underline{50} \\ 10 \\ \underline{10} \\ 9 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \underline{10} \\ 9 \end{array}$$

12  $n =$  grade 8 students

$$\frac{n}{3} + 5 = 41$$

$$\frac{n}{3} + 5 - 5 = 41 - 5$$

$$\frac{n}{3} = 36$$

$$\frac{n}{3} \times 3 = 36 \times 3$$

$$n = 108$$

13a) Correct

b) Didn't isolate the variable first

c) Should have multiplied by -4.

### Extra Practice 3

$$2a) \frac{d}{5} = -8$$

checks

$$\frac{d}{5} \times 5 = -8 \times 5$$

$$d = -40$$

$$b) \frac{f}{-6} = 10$$

$$\frac{f}{-6} \times -6 = 10 \times -6$$

$$f = -60$$

$$c) \frac{k}{-2} = -11$$

$$\frac{k}{-2} \times -2 = -11 \times -2$$

$$k = 22$$

$$d) \frac{g}{3} = -12$$

$$\frac{g}{3} \times 3 = -12 \times 3$$

$$g = -36$$

3 a)  $x \equiv$  Chicken Pieces

$$\frac{x}{4} = 7$$

There was total of 28 pieces

$$4 \times \frac{x}{4} = 7 \times 4$$

$$x = 28$$

4 a)  $\frac{n}{3} - 2 = 10$

$$\frac{n}{3} - 2 + 2 = 10 + 2$$

$$\frac{n}{3} = 12$$

$$3 \times \frac{n}{3} = 12 \times 3$$

$$n = 36$$

b)  $4 - \frac{p}{5} = 13$

$$4^{-4} - \frac{p}{5} = 13^{-4}$$

$$5 \times \frac{-p}{5} = 9 \times 5$$

$$-p = 45$$

$$p = -45$$

d)  $\frac{t}{4} + 8 = -5 - 8$

$$\frac{t}{4} = -13$$

$$(-4) \frac{t}{4} = -13 \times -4$$

$$t = 117$$

d)  $-17 + \frac{n}{3} = 9 + 17$

$$\frac{n}{3} = 26$$

$$-3 \times \frac{n}{3} = 26 \times -3$$

$$n = -78$$

5 a)  $\frac{n}{4} = 7$

$$n = 28$$

b)  $4 + \frac{n}{-3} = -2^{-4}$

$$\frac{n}{-3} = -6$$

$$-3 \times \frac{n}{-3} = -6 \times -3$$

$$n = +18$$

c)  $1 - \frac{n}{6} = 5^{-1}$

$$-\frac{n}{6} + 1 = 5$$

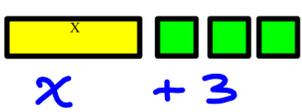
$$-\frac{n}{6} = 4$$

$$x6 - \frac{n}{6} = 4 \times 6$$

$$-n = 24$$

$$n = -24$$

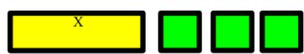
What is the algebraic expression?



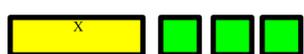
$$x + 3$$



How could you describe the expression below?



$$x + 3$$

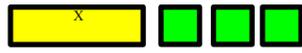
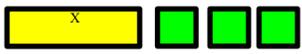
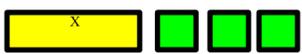


$$x + 3$$

$$2x + 6$$

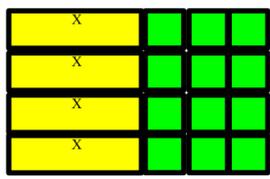
$2(x + 3)$   
 2 rows of  $x + 3$   
 $2(x + 3) = \underline{2x} + \underline{6}$

What about this expression?



4 rows of  $x + 3$   
 $4(x + 3)$   
 $= \underline{4x} + \underline{12}$

How is this related to the diagram above?



$$4x + 12 = 4(x + 3)$$



**What we just showed is the Distributive Property in math.**

$$4(x+3)$$

$$4x + 4 \times 3$$

$$4x + 12$$

means the 4 is distributed to the x and to the 3, so we get

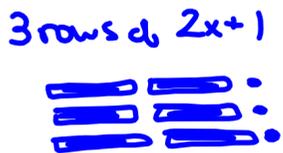
4 rows of  $x+3$

$$4x + 12$$


Examples: Model and give the answer for the following:

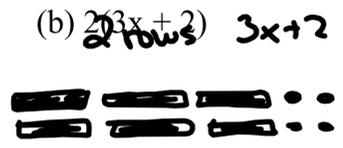
(a)  $3(2x+1)$

$$6x + 3$$



(b)  $2(3x+2)$

$$6x + 4$$



Without modelling:

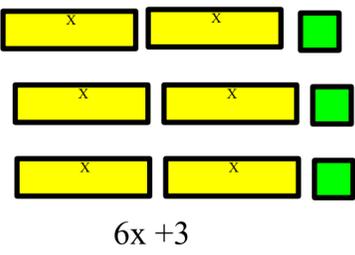
(a)  $3(2x + 1)$

(b)  $2(3x + 2)$

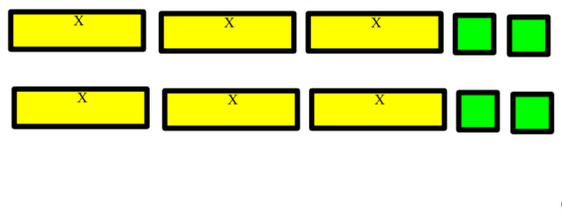
What we just showed is the Distributive Property in math.  
 $4(x + 3)$  means the 4 is distributed to the  $x$  and to the 3,  
 so we get  $4 \times x + 4 \times 3$   
 $4x + 12$

Examples: Model and give the answer for the following:

(a)  $3(2x + 1)$



(b)  $2(3x + 2)$



Without modelling:

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{3} \quad \text{(2x+1)} \\
 \text{6x + 3}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{2} \quad \text{(3x+2)} \\
 \text{6x + 4}
 \end{array}$$

# The Distributive Property

The property stating that a product can be written as a sum or difference of two products.

For example:  $a(b + c) = ab + ac$

$$a(b - c) = ab - ac$$

Box method

$$8 \times 23$$

	20	3	
8	$8 \times 20$ 160	$8 \times 3$ 24	$\begin{array}{r} 160 \\ + 24 \\ \hline 184 \end{array}$

Multiply:  $7(c + 2) = 7c + 14$

	c	2	
7	$7 \times c$ $7c$	$7 \times 2$ 14	

---

$$2(x + 4)$$

$$3(x - 2)$$

Expand:

a)  $-5(x+7)$

$-5x - 35$

c)  $-3(7-4x)$

$-21 + 12x$

b)  $4(2-c)$

$8 - 4c$

# Class/Homework

pg. 342 # ~~4,5~~, 6, 7

$$5a) 5(x+2)$$

$$b) 7(4+s)$$

4. Evaluate each pair of expressions.

What do you notice?

a) i)  $7(3+8)$

ii)  $7 \times 3 + 7 \times 8$

b) i)  $5(7-2)$

ii)  $5 \times 7 + 5 \times (-2)$

c) i)  $-2(9-4)$

ii)  $(-2) \times 9 + (-2) \times (-4)$

5. Use algebra tiles to show that  $5(x+2)$  and  $5x+10$  are equivalent. Draw a diagram to record your work. Explain your diagram in words.

6. Draw a rectangle to show that  $7(4+s)$  and  $28+7s$  are equivalent. Explain your diagram in words.