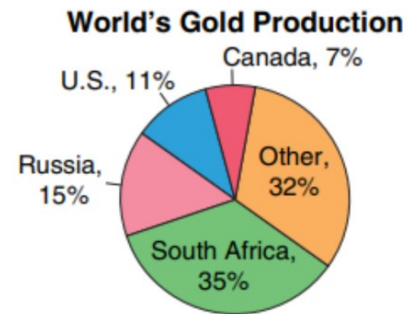


3. This graph shows the world's gold production for a particular year. In this year, the world's gold production was approximately 2300 t. About how much gold would have been produced in each country?

a) Canada

b) South Africa

Homework Solutions



3. Canada 7%

$$7\% \text{ of } 2300$$

$$0.07 \times 2300$$

161 t produced by Canada

South Africa 35%

$$35\% \text{ of } 2300$$

$$0.35 \times 2300$$

805 t produced by South Africa

Homework

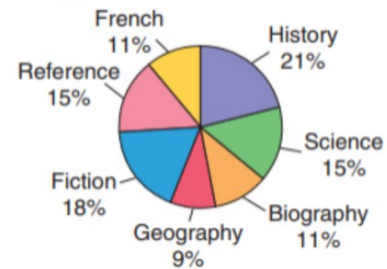
4. The school library budget to buy new books is \$5000.

The librarian has this circle graph to show the types of books students borrowed in one year.

- a) How much money should be spent on each type of book? How do you know?
b) Explain how you can check your answers in part a.

Solutions

Types of Books Borrowed



4. History 21% of 5000
 0.21×5000
 1050

Homework

Solutions

Science 15% of 5000
 $10\% \text{ of } 5000 = 500$
 $5\% \text{ of } 5000 = 250$
 15%
 750

Biography 11% of 5000
 $10\% = 500$
 $1\% = 50$
 11%
 550

Geography 9% of 5000
 $(10\% - 1\%) \quad 500 - 50 = 450$

Fiction 18% of 5000
 0.18×5000
 900

Reference 15% of 5000 = 750

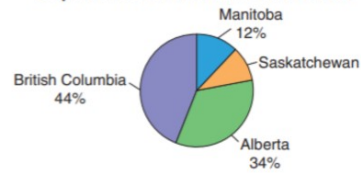
French 11% of 5000 = 550

5. **Assessment Focus** This circle graph shows the populations of the 4 Western Canadian provinces in 2005.

The percent for Saskatchewan is not shown.

- What percent of the population lived in Saskatchewan? How do you know?
- List the provinces in order from least to greatest population.
How did the circle graph help you do this?
- In 2005, the total population of the Western provinces was about 9 683 000 people. Calculate the population of each province, to the nearest thousand.
- What else do you know from looking at the circle graph? Write as much as you can.

Population of Western Provinces 2005



Homework

Solutions

$$S. \quad 44 + 34 + 12 = 90\%$$

$$\text{Sask} = 100 - 90 \\ = 10\%$$

Homework

Solutions

They have to add to 100%

b) Least to Greatest \rightarrow Look at the size of the pieces.

SK
MB
AB
BC

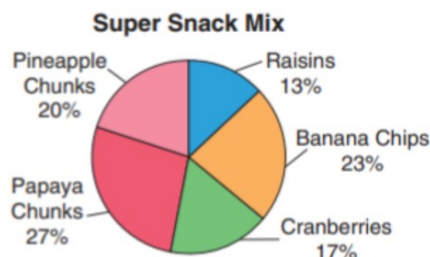
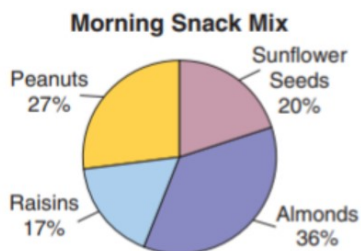
$$c) \text{SK} \quad 10\% \text{ of } 9\,683\,000 \\ 968\,300$$

$$\text{MB} \quad 12\% \text{ of } 9\,683\,000 \\ 1\,161\,960$$

$$\text{AB} \quad 34\% \text{ of } 9\,683\,000 \\ 3\,292\,220$$

$$\text{BC} \quad 44\% \text{ of } 9\,683\,000 \\ 4\,260\,520$$

7. These circle graphs show the percent of ingredients in two 150-g samples of different snack mixes.



- a) For each snack mix, calculate the mass, in grams, of each ingredient.

Homework

- b) About what mass of raisins would you expect to find in a 300-g sample of each mix?

Solutions

What assumptions did you make?

$$0.147 \times 300 = 51$$

Super - 13% of 300

$$0.13 \times 300 = 39\text{g}$$

7) Morning Snacks

a)	Peanuts	Sunflower	Almonds	Raisins
	27% of 150	20% of 150	36% of 150	17% of 150
	10% of 150 = 15	10% of 150 = 15	10% of 150 = 15	10% of 150 = 15
	20% of 150 = 30	20% of 150 = 30 g	30% of 150 = 45	
		0.20 x 150 = 30g		
	1% of 150 = 1.5		1% of 150 = 1.5	1% of 150 = 1.5
	7% of 150 = 10.5		6% of 150 = 9	7% of 150 = 10.5
	27% of 150 = 40.5 g		36% of 150 = 44 g	17% of 150 = 25.5 g
	0.37 x 150 = 40.5g		0.36 x 150 = 44g	0.17 x 150 = 25.5g

Super Snack

a)	Papaya	Pineapple	Raisins	Banana	Cranberries
	27% of 150	20% of 150	13% of 150	23% of 150	17% of 150
	10% of 150 = 15	10% of 150 = 15	10% of 150 = 15	10% of 150 = 15	10% of 150 = 15
	20% of 150 = 30	20% of 150 = 30 g		20% of 150 = 30	
		0.20 x 150 = 30g			
	1% of 150 = 1.5		1% of 150 = 1.5	1% of 150 = 1.5	1% of 150 = 1.5
	7% of 150 = 10.5		3% of 150 = 4.5	3% of 150 = 4.5	7% of 150 = 10.5
	27% of 150 = 40.5 g		13% of 150 = 19.5 g	27% of 150 = 34.5 g	17% of 150 = 25.5 g
	0.37 x 150 = 40.5g		0.13 x 150 = 19.5g	0.27 x 150 = 34.5g	0.17 x 150 = 25.5g